# HIRALAL BHAKAT COLLEGE

NALHATI, BIRBHUM

**DEPARTMENT OF** 

POLITICAL SCIENCE (GEN)

SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTION UNDER CBCS PATTERN

2020-21

# **B.A POLITICAL SCIENCE (GEN)**

# **SEMESTER:II**

CC -1B: POLITICAL THEORY: 6 credits (Theoretical-5 Credits, Tutorial 1 Credit)

- 1. The meaning of Politics and Political Theory; Importance of Political Theory; Different Approaches: (a) Traditional (b) Behavioural and Post-Behavioural (c) Marxist
- 2. The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c) Popular
- 3. Liberty and Equality: Meaning and their Inter-relationship
- 4. Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism
- 5. Theories of State: (a) Idealist (b) Liberal (c) Marxist (d) Gandhian
- 6. Political parties and pressure groups: concept and role

- 1. R. Bhargava and A. Acharya eds. Political Theory (Delhi: Longman, 2008)
- 2. O. P. Gauba. Introduction to Political Theory (New Delhi: Macmillan, 2011)
- 3. J. C. Johari. Contemporary Political Theory (New Delhi: Advent Books)
- 4. S. Ramaswamy. Political Theory: Ideas and Concept (New Delhi: Macmillan)
- 5. A. Roy and M. Bhattacharya. Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions (Kolkata: World Press)
- 6. S.P. Verma. Modern Political Theory (New Delhi: Vikash)
- 7. D.C. Bhattacharyya, Political Theory (Kolkata: Vijoya Publishing House)

The Meaning of Politics and Political Theory; Importance of Political Theory; Different Approaches: (a) Traditional (b) Behavioural and Post-Behavioural (c) Marxist. 2. The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c) Popular 3. Liberty and Equality: Meaning and their Inter-relationship 4. Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism 5. Theories of State: (a) Idealist (b) Liberal (c) Marxist (d) Gandhian. 6. Political parties and pressure groups: concept and role.

PAPER	NAME OF THE	TOPICS
	TEACHER	
	NM	MODULE-1
		1. The meaning of Politics and Political Theory; Importance
		of Political Theory;
		Different Approaches: (a) Traditional (b) Behavioural and
		Post-Behavioural (c)
CC 1D		Marxist
CC-1B (Political Theory)	BS	MODULE-2
		2. The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c)
		Popular
		3. Liberty and Equality: Meaning and their Inter-relationship
		4. Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism
		5. Theories of State: (a) Idealist (b) Liberal (c) Marxist (d)
		Gandhian
		6. Political parties and pressure groups: concept and role
	1	

# **B.A POLITICAL SCIENCE (GEN)**

### **SEMESTER-IV**

- CC-1D: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS: 6 credits Total Classes 60
- 1.a The Constituent Assembly: its Composition and role b. The Preamble and its Significance
- 2. (a) Fundamental Rights and Duties (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
- 3. Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre-States relations Legislative, Administrative and Financial
- 4. Union Legislature: LokSabha and RajyaSabha Organization, Functions and Lawmaking Procedures; the Speaker; Procedure of Constitutional Amendment
- 5. Union Executive: President and Prime Minister: Powers and functions; Governor and Chief Minister: Powers and function
- 6. Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts Composition and Functions;
- 7. Party System in India: Features and Trends; Coalition Governments 8. Electoral Process: Election Commission Composition and Functions; Electoral Reforms

- 1. Basu, D. D, Introduction to the Constitution of India (Nagpur: Lexis Nexis)
- 2. Kashyap, S. C., Our Constitution (New Delhi: National Book Trust)
- 3. Kashyap, S.C., Our Political System (New Delhi: National Book Trust)
- 4. Hiregowder, G. C. et al., The Indian Constitution: An Introduction, (New Delhi: Orient Black Swan)
- 5. Johari, J. C., Indian Government and Politics, Vol. 1 and 2 (New Delhi: Vikash Publication)
- 6. Khosla, Madhab, The Indian Constitution (New Delhi: Oxford)

# SEC-2: Public Opinion and Survey Research 2 Credits Total Classes 30

1. Definition and Characteristics of Public Opinion

- 2 Measuring Public Opinion: Methods and Types of Sampling
- 3 Interviewing: Types-structured, unstructured, focused
- 4 Questionnaire: Question wording; fairness and clarity
- 5 Prediction in polling research: possibilities and pitfalls

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. R. Erikson and K. Tedin American Public Opinion, 8th edition (New York: Pearson Longman Publishers)
- 2. G. Gallup, A Guide to Public Opinion Polls (Princeton: PrincetonUniversity Press)
- 3. Kothari, C. R., Research Methodology (New Delhi: PHI)
- 4. Ahuja, Ram, Research Methods (New Delhi: Rawat Publications
- 1.a The Constituent Assembly: its Composition and role b. The Preamble and its

Significance. 2. (a) Fundamental Rights and Duties (b) Directive Principles of State Policy

3. Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre-States relations – Legislative, Administrative and Financial4. Union Legislature: LokSabha and RajyaSabha – Organization, Functions and Lawmaking Procedures; the Speaker; Procedure of Constitutional Amendment 5. Union Executive: President and Prime Minister: Powers and functions; Governor and Chief Minister: Powers and function 6. Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts – Composition and Functions; 7. Party System in India: Features and Trends; Coalition Governments 8. Electoral Process: Election Commission – Composition and Functions; Electoral Reforms

PAPER	NAME (THE TEACHER	OF	TOPICS
CC-1D (Indian Government and Politics)	FU		1. a) The Constituent Assembly: its Composition and role b) The Preamble and its Significance 2. a) Fundamental Rights and Duties b) Directive Principles of State Policy 3. Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre-States relations – Legislative, Administrative and Financial
	BS		4. Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Organization, Functions and Lawmaking Procedures; the Speaker; Procedure of Constitutional Amendment 5. Union Executive: President and Prime Minister: Powers and functions; Governor and Chief Minister: Powers and function 6. Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts – Composition and Functions;
	RN		MODULE-5  7. Party System in India: Features and Trends; Coalition Governments 8. Electoral Process: Election Commission – Composition and Functions; Electoral Reforms.

PAPER	NAME OF THE TEACHER	TOPIC
SEC-2 (Public Opinion and Survey Research)	NM	1. Definition and Characteristics of Public Opinion 2 Measuring Public Opinion: Methods and Types of Sampling 3 Interviewing: Types- structured, unstructured, focused 4 Questionnaire: Question wording; fairness and clarity 5 Prediction in polling research: possibilities and pitfalls.

# B.A POLITICAL SCIENCE (GEN)

SEMESTER: VI

**DSE-1B : Understanding Globalization** 6 Credits Total Classes 60

- 1.Globalization: Meaning and debates
- 2. Impact of Globalization on Indian Economy
- 3.Globalization and Terrorism
- 4.Globalization and new international order
- 5. Globalization and Localization: Dimensions of cultural change

- 1. Baylis, J. And S. Smith (eds.), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction
- 2. Nayyar, Deepak (ed.), Governing Globalisation: Issues and Institutions, OxfordUniversity Press
- 3. Keohane, Rebert and Nye, Joseph S., Globalisation: What is new, what is not
- 4. O'Meara, Patrick and others, Globalization and the Challenges of a New Century: A Reader, Indiana University Press

# SEC-4: Peace and Conflict Resolution

2 Credits Total Classes 30

- 1 International Peace and Conflict Resolution: Basic concepts
- 2 Theories of International Conflict Resolution: Johan Galtung, Joseph Montville.
- 3 Cross-border relationships between the world's peaceful and war-torn zones (refugees and forced migration)
- 4 Current perspective of peace and conflict resolution: Grass-roots level perspective on war and peace

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. Kriesberg, Louis, Constructive Conflicts: From Escalation to Resolution (Maryland: Rowman& Littlefield)
- 2. Starkey, Boyer, and Wilkenfield, Negotiating a Complex World (Maryland: Rowman& Littlefield)
- 3. Levy, Jack, "Contending Theories of International Conflict: A Levels-of-Analysis Approach" in Crocker et al,

Managing Global Chaos, USIP

4. Galtung, Johan, *There Are Alternatives: Four Roads to Peace and Security* (Nottingham: Spokesman)

# GE - 2: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS: 6 credits Total Classes 60

- 1.a The Constituent Assembly: its Composition and role b. The Preamble and its Significance
- 2. (a) Fundamental Rights and Duties (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
- 3. Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre-States relations Legislative, Administrative and Financial
- 4. Union Legislature: LokSabha and RajyaSabha Organization, Functions and Lawmaking Procedures; the Speaker; Procedure of Constitutional Amendment
- 5. Union Executive: President and Prime Minister: Powers and functions; Governor and Chief Minister: Powers and function
- 6. Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts Composition and Functions;

7. Party System in India: Features and Trends; Coalition Governments 8. Electoral Process: Election Commission – Composition and Functions; Electoral Reforms

- 1. Basu, D. D. Introduction to the Constitution of India (Nagpur: Lexis Nexis)
- 2. Kashyap, S. C., Our Constitution (New Delhi: National Book Trust)
- 1. Public Policy: Meaning, elements, and actors in India's public policy making and implementation 2.Public Policy in India since independence: An overview. 3.Constraints of Public Policy: Economic, Political and Socio-Cultural4.Public Health Policy in India with special reference to NRHM 5. Public Education Policy in India special reference to Sarba Sikshya Abhijan.

PAPER	NAME OF	TOPICS
	THE	
	TEACHER	
DSE-1B: (Public Policy Conceptand Implications In India)	RN	<ol> <li>MODULE-7</li> <li>Public Policy: Meaning, elements, and actors in India's public policy making and implementation.</li> <li>Public Policy in India since independence: An overview.</li> <li>Constraints of Public Policy: Economic, Political and Socio-Cultural.</li> </ol>
	BS	MODULE-8  4. Public Health Policy in India with special reference to NRHM 5. Public Education Policy in India special reference to Sarba Sikshya Abhijan.

PAPER	NAME OF	TOPICS
	THE	
	TEACHER	
SEC-4: (Peace and Conflict Resolution)		MODULE-9
	FU	1 International Peace and Conflict Resolution: Basic concepts.
		2 Theories of International Conflict Resolution: Johan Galtung,
		Joseph Montville.
		3 Cross-border relationships between the world's peaceful and wartorn zones (refugees and forced migration).
		4 Current perspective of peace and conflict resolution: Grass-roots
		level perspective on war and peace.

PAPER	NAME OF	TOPICS
	THE	
	TEACHER	
		MODULE-10

GE- 2(Indian Government and Politics)	SMZ	<ol> <li>a The Constituent Assembly: its Composition and role b. The Preamble and its Significance.</li> <li>(a) Fundamental Rights and Duties (b) Directive Principles of State Policy.</li> <li>Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre-States relations – Legislative, Administrative and Financial.</li> <li>Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Organization, Functions and Lawmaking Procedures; the Speaker; Procedure of Constitutional Amendment.</li> </ol>
	BS	MODULE-11  5. Union Executive: President and Prime Minister: Powers and functions; Governor and Chief Minister: Powers and function.  6. Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts – Composition and Functions;  7. Party System in India: Features and Trends; Coalition Governments 8. Electoral Process: Election Commission – Composition and Functions; Electoral Reforms.

go M. Zamow

Harban S.

Signature Principal Hiralal Bhakat College

Head of the Department Department of Political Science

**Hiralal Bhakat College** 



Teacher- in- Charge Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati, Birbhum